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Peer Review

Supplemental Geotechnical Survey and Testing Report – Part of Lots 14 & 15, Concession 1, Geographic Township of Dummer, prepared by WSP Canada Inc. dated March 23, 2020 (Report)



Purpose:

- Cambium's peer review was performed to evaluate and ensure that the conclusions in the supplemental report meet the purpose of the investigation and are supported by the testing and background information including:
- Current availability and future potential of aggregate resources within the Edwards Pit (Site)
 - More frequent sampling and testing of the deposits within the esker in order to better assess it's potential use and value
- Assess the suitability of re-licensing the Site, or a portion of the Site, as a quarry
 - Sampling and testing the Bobcaygeon Formation Limestone to assess its potential to be used as aggregate materials
- The following slides provide a summary of the report including Cambiums comments



2020 Investigation



Esker Test Pitting (Section 2.1)

• a total of ten (10) additional TPs were advanced within the Esker deposit



- Field work program was a reasonable choice
 - Consideration could have been given to space test pits more evenly throughout the deposit, although access may have been a limiting factor
 - T19-05 is located at approximately the same location as TP16-2



Bedrock Investigation (Section 2.2)

- Three (3) additional bore holes were advanced at the Site for the purpose of sampling and testing Bobcaygeon Formation Limestone
 - Cored Bobcaygeon Fm limestone from BH16-1 was incorporated into the testing of this supplemental investigation, for a total of four (4) Bobcaygeon Fm samples



 More accurate elevations and coordinates could have been obtained, using an RTK (or similar) unit, in order to tie into and supplement future investigations or development at the site.



Laboratory Testing (Section 2.3)

- Material from each of the ten (10) Test Pits were tested for Gradation and Physical Properties
 - Gradation, Micro-Deval Abrasion (Fine and Coarse Fraction), Relative Density/Absorption (Fine and Coarse Fraction), Plasticity of Fines
- Material from four (4) Bobcaygeon Fm bedrock cores were tested for Physical Properties
 - Gradation, Micro-Deval Abrasion (Fine and Coarse Fraction), Relative Density/Absorption (Fine and Coarse Fraction), Freeze-Thaw Loss
- In general the types of testing and number of tests are considered sufficient
- As stated in Cambium's previous peer review, "it is somewhat misleading and unnecessary to compare the gradations of the 1" minus crushed limestone product (or 19 mm size in this report), which was purposely created from the bedrock cores to allow for other testing, to the gradation envelopes for Granular A", Granular B, etc."



Laboratory Testing (Section 2.3)

- A sufficient number of samples tested for each of:
 - unconsolidated esker material
 - Bobcaygeon Fm bedrock,
- Verulam Fm bedrock, may be underrepresented:
 - additional Verulam Fm cored during the course of the supplementary investigation.
 - The original investigation showed varying results from the two cores tested.

Test Pit ID	Sample ID	Gradation with Wash (%) Result	Micro-Deval Coarse (Loss %) Result	Micro-Deval Fine (Loss %) Result	Absorption Result	Plastic Fines (Y/N)	Freeze-Thaw
A) Ur	consolidated Mate	erial (Esker)					
TP16-4	CGS2	3.1	24.2	14.0	2.4	N	
B) Co	onsolidated Materia	l (Bedrock)					
BH16-3	238.8 to 248.0 mASL	-	21.7	22.9	0.9	-	5.6%
BH16-4	250.5 to 256.4 mASL	-	28.4	19.8	1.1	-	11.7%



Laboratory Analysis Aggregate (Sect. 3.3)

- A note in Appendix E-1 states that some Micro-Deval (coarse) results were
 not completed to the standard of testing (LS-618) due to insufficient amount
 of samples provided, and that results may not be accurate
 - This is not reflected in Table 3-2 (TP19-01, TP19-08, TP19-09, TP19-10)
 - Sample sizes from test pits should not have been an issue
- Micro-Deval (coarse) % loss for TP19-08 is presented as 20.3 in Table 3-2, but appears as 20.6 in Appendix E-1.



Conclusions



- OPSS Physical Quality Requirements
 - In general, reported results comply with OPSS 1010 physical quality requirements for both Granular A & B, except TP19-06, which had a MD(coarse) result 0.1% higher than maximum allowable of 25.0% loss
- OPSS Gradation Requirements
 - All samples meet requirements for Granular B Type I, except TP19-01 & TP19-03
 - Granular A, and Granular B Type I for the two samples above, require some combination of screening, crushing, blending to meet OPSS Requirements



- Winter Sand
 - It is agreed that the total fines (<75 um) of the samples range between 1.95% and 7.2%, however
 - sand fraction appears to ranges 7% to 62%, not 2.6% to 21%, based on particle size distribution results from Appendix E-3 of the report
 - The report states "maximum percent for sand fraction is 5% for Winter Sand"
 - although it is believed this is an editing error, and should be maximum acceptable fines for winter sand is 5%.
 - Based on this, the report incorrectly states that eight out of ten test pit samples were unacceptable for use as winter sand due to excess fines, and should read three out of ten samples were unacceptable for use as winter sand due to excess fines.



- Absorption
 - Report discussed absorption results of fine fraction (LS-605) exceeding 2 % maximum allowable
 - Superpave 12.5 and HMA are based on the absorption of the coarse fraction (LS-604)
 - Absorption of the coarse fraction (LS-604) range from 0.71% to 1.65%, well below 2% and acceptable for use in most HMA, if it weren't for the failing Micro-Deval Results
 - Micro-Deval (coarse fraction) does not meet the OPSS requirement for concrete and asphalt
 - Absorption (fine fraction LS-605) was not required for the unconsolidated material
 - Absorption (coarse fraction LS-604) was only required to assess potential for use as in surface treatment, otherwise not required for the unconsolidated material as
 - M-D (coarse) > 21 % loss in 8/10 samples, therefore not acceptable for HMA and concrete
 - The discussion of absorption results is misleading and incorrect and should be removed or edited.
- The above discussion has no impact on the proposed uses for the material



 It would be beneficial to include a summary table showing exactly what OPSS aggregate materials each unconsolidated sample may be used for and where some form of screening, crushing, blending may be required to achieve the desired product



Consolidated Material (Section 4.2)

- As previously stated, it is somewhat misleading and unnecessary to compare the gradations of the 1" minus crushed limestone product (or 19 mm size in this report), which was purposely created from the bedrock cores to allow for other testing, to the gradation envelopes for Granular A", Granular B, etc.
- The report states that samples analysed for Micro-Deval (coarse fraction) from BH20-03 and BH16-1 meet the OPSS requirement for concrete and asphalt but,
 - fails to state that the samples analysed for Micro-Deval (fine fraction) do not meet the OPSS requirement for concrete, some Superpave surface courses, HL3, HL3F, and HL3HS. These results should be reviewed
- It would be beneficial to include a summary table showing exactly what OPSS aggregate materials each consolidated sample may be used for



Appendices



It appears the extraction face is drawn backwards on the SE corner of the pit, behind the public works yard





- Test Pits TP19-01 and TP19-10 appear to be located outside the boundary of the esker, yet still possess quality material.
 - Is the Esker wider than anticipated
 - Is there quality material adjacent to the esker







• It would be beneficial for the Client, and to anyone reading the report, to include the location of the four (4) original test pits, from the 2016 investigation, on this plan.







 It would be beneficial for the Client, and to anyone reading the report, to include the location of all original boreholes, from the 2016 investigation, on this plan.





 More accurate elevations and coordinates could have been obtained, using an RTK (or similar) unit, in order to tie into and supplement future investigations or development at the site.



Appendix D

- Section 2.1 states that representative samples were collected from each stratigraphic layer for inspection and subsequent laboratory analysis.
 - The test pit logs in Appendix C indicate that in many test pits there are several samples taken.
 - It is not clear as to which samples were used for analysis for each test pit and why.





- Notes in Appendix E-1 state that samples analysed from test pits TP19-01, TP19-08 and TP19-10 were not completed to LS-618 (Micro-Deval abrasion for coarse aggregate) due to insufficient samples provided, and that results may not be accurate
- Test pit TP19-09 also did not contain a representative amount of course material to complete the analysis
 - These notes should be presented in the text of the report or at the very least in comments below the tables presented within the report
 - Insufficient sample size should not be an issue when collecting samples, knowingly for this purpose, from a test pit or the pit face

Notes: Aver. Charge Weight (g): Reference Sample Control Range: Reference Sample Percent Loss: Reference Sample Average Percent Loss:	Sample soaked in 20 5000.5 11.4% - 14.8% 14.3 13.8	0 ml of tap water for 1 hour TP19-01, TP19-08 & TP19-10 not completed to LS-618. Insuficent amount of sample provided for test. Results may not be accurate TP19-09 did not contain a repsenative amount of coarse material to complete.
Tested by:	WGH/NLO	Date: January 8, 2020
Verified by:	KLC	Date: January 8, 2020



 The percent loss stated for test pit TP19-08 is presented as 20.6 in Appendix E-1, but appears as 20.3 in Table 3-2 of the report. One of these should be corrected.

Table 3-2: Summ	ary of Laboratory	Analysis (Physica	I Quality Requirer	nents)		
SAMPLE ID	REL. DENS. & ABSORB. COARSE	REL. DENS. & ABSORB. FINES	MICRO-DEVAL COARSE (LOSS %) RESULT	MICRO- DEVAL FINE (LOSS %) RESULT	PLASTIC FINES (Y/N)	FREEZE THAW
-		Unconsolidate	ed Material (Esker)			
TP19-01*	2.658/0.71	2.623/1.26	21.4	10.1	N	-
TP19-02	2.609/1.35	2.554/2.36	24.1	15.5	N	-
TP19-03	2.620/1.13	2.573/1.70	24.5	14.9	N	-
TP19-04	2.622/1.04	2.545/2.26	20.2	11.0	N	-
TP19-05	2.601/1.50	2.554/2.16	23.7	18.6	N	-
TP19-06	2.605/1.63	2.570/2.25	25.1*	15.5	N	-
TP19-07	2.616/1.22	2.554/2.52	22.6	13.9	N	-
TP19-08	2.613/1.19	2.563/1.83	20.3	11.6	N	
TP19-09	2.601/1.48	2.607/1.25	\smile	9.0	N	
TP19-10	2.595/1.65	2.583/1.66	24.2	15.4	N	-
RANGE	0.71 to 1.65 (Absorption)	1.25 to 2.52 (Absorption)	20.2 to 25.1	9.0 to 18.6	N	-

Micro Deval Abrasion Test Method LS-618 - Coarse											
Project Name:	Douro-Dummer Ap	gregate Investigation	Client:	Township of Douro-Dummer							
Project No:	161-16604-00		Date Tested:	January 8, 2020							
Sampled By:	MSN		Material Type:	Sand and Gravel							
Date Sampled:	December 5, 2019		Source:	Quarry							
	· ·			•							
Sample No.	Test Pit No.	Original Mass (g)	Final Mass (g)	Mass Loss (g)	Percent Loss						
TP19-01	TP19-01	1248.9	982.1	266.8	21.4						
TP19-02	TP19-02	1499.26	1138.24	361.0	24.1						
TP19-03	TP19-03	1500.6	1133.34	367.3	24.5						
TP19-04	TP19-04	1493.2	1192.27	300.9	20.2						
TP19-05	TP19-05	1501.9	1145.88	356.0	23.7						
TP19-06	TP19-06	1500.7	1124.77	375.9	25.1						
TP19-07	TP19-07	1499.1	1159.61	339.5	22.6						
TP19-08	TP19-08	1438.6	1142.71	295.9	20.6						
TP19-09	TP19-09	0	0	N/A	N/A						
TP19-10	TP19-10	1407	1134.3	362.7	24.2						



- Results for Relative Density and Absorption Coarse Aggregates LS-604 is not presented in Appendix E-2.
 - Only Fine Aggregate (LS-605) is presented, which is not critical for the unconsolidated samples



 Micro-Deval Abrasion for fine aggregates (LS-619) was conducted on BH16-01 in the original study and presented in the appendix of this report, but not included in Table 3-2 of this report.

REL. DENS. 8

						SAMPLE ID	COARSE	ABSORB. FINES	%) RESULT	RESULT	(Y/N)	THAW
					1			Unconsolidat	ed Material (Esker)			
WSD	Micro Deva	al Abrasion Tes	t Method LS-61	19 - Fine		TP19-01*	2.658/0.71	2.623/1.26	21.4	10.1	N	-
						TP19-02	2.609/1.35	2.554/2.36	24.1	15.5	N	-
]	TP19-03	2.620/1.13	2.573/1.70	24.5	14.9	N	-
Project Name:	Douro-Dummer Aggr	egate Investigation	Client:	Township of Douro-Du	mmer	TP19-04	2.622/1.04	2.545/2.26	20.2	11.0	N	-
Project No:	161-16604-00		Date Tested:	December 10, 2019		TP19-05	2.601/1.50	2.554/2.16	23.7	18.6	N	-
Sampled By:	IAA		Material Type:	Crushed Core		TP19-06	2.605/1.63	2.570/2.25	25.1*	15.5	N	-
Date Sampled:	December 2, 2016		Source:	N/A		TP19-07	2.616/1.22	2.554/2.52	22.6	13.9	N	-
		1		1		TP19-08	2.613/1.19	2.563/1.83	20.3	11.6	N	-
Sample No.	Test Pit No.	Original Mass (g)	Final Mass (g)	Mass Loss (g)	Percent Loss	TP19-09	2.601/1.48	2.607/1.25	-	9.0	N	-
BH16-1	0	502.1	420.8	81.3	16.2	TP19-10	2.595/1.65	2.583/1.66	24.2	15.4	N	-
						RANGE	0.71 to 1.65 (Absorption)	1.25 to 2.52 (Absorption)	20.2 to 25.1	9.0 to 18.6	N	-
L	1							Consolidated	Material (Bedrock)			
						BH20-01	2.651/0.77	2.532/2.54	16.0	22.5		2.7
						BH20-02	2.658/0.69	2,519/2.61	15.4	22.3		18

BH20-03

BH16-1

2.674/0.50

2.689/0.37

2.521/2.64

2.634/1.06



MICRO

DEVAL FINE

PLASTIC

EDEE7E

MICRO-DEVAL

13.8

13.0

20.6

2.5

1.7

DENIC

The material type presented on the first page of Appendix I-2 (Relative • Density and Absorption – Coarse Aggregate LS604) indicates Sand and Gravel, however the samples listed would suggest that it is crushed core from boreholes.

11	Relative	Density and Absor	ption - Coarse Aggregate LS604
Project Name:	Douro-Dummer Aggregate Investigations	Material Type:	Sand and Gravel
Project No:	161-16604-00	Date Sampled:	February 18, 2020
Client:	Douro-Dummer Township	Sampled By:	MSN
Sample Location:	Boreholes	Date Tested:	February 27, 2020





 Relative Density & Absorption – Coarse Aggregate LS-604 does not include a reference sample control mean for comparison to the control range for each absorption and mean relative density.

Douro-Dummer Ag	gregate Investigati	ons	Material Type:	Sand and Gravel			
161-16604-00			Date Sampled:	February 18, 2	020		
Dourn-Dummer To	washin		Sampled By-	MSN	1		
Doute Duminer He	a nonp		Compiled by:				
Borenoies			Date rested:	rebruary 21, 2	020		
Surface-Dry Sand Mass In Air (B)	Oven-Dry Sand Mass In Air (A)	Aggrogate Mass In Water (C)	Bulk Relative Density (A/(B-C))	Bulk Relative Density SSD (B/(B-C))	Apparent Relative Density (A(A-C))	Absorption ((B-A)/A)*100	
3061.90	3038.60	1916.00	2.652	2.672	2.707	0.77	
3056.90	3033.40	1912.00	2.649	2.670	2.705	0.77	
			2.651	2.671	2.706	0.77	
3043 10	3022.90	1996 10	2 650	2 576	2707	0.67	
00-0.00	0000 70		0.077	0.070	0.700	0.70	
3048.00	3026.70	1908.84	2.65/	2.6/6	2.708	0.70	
<u> </u>		I	2.658	2.5/6	2./0/	0.69	
3085.90	3069.00	1936.30	2.670	2.684	2.709	0.55	
3085.90	3072.20	1938.90	2.678	2.690	2711	0.45	
			2.674	2.687	2.710	0.50	
Reference ASTM C	127/LS-602	i			Control	Range	
Min. Ma	ass (kgs)						
13	2.0				Abso	rption	
8	.0	17			Range 0.5	5-0.81 %	
5	.0						
4	0				Mean Relative De	ensity (Oven Dry	
3	.0	1			Range 2.6	108 -2.682	
	161-6804.00 Dour-Durmer Tc Boreholes Boreholes Boreholes 3061.00 3065	161-6604-00 Dour-Dummer Toership Boreholes Surface.Dry Sand Mess In Air (B) 3061-90 3065-90 3055-90 3053-40 3043-10 3055-90 3055-90 3055-90 3055-90 3055-90 3055-70 305	161-16604-00 Douro Dummer Township Boreholes Surface Dy Savel Mess In Ar (8) 3061-00 3061-00 3065-00 3072-20 3055-00 3072-20 3055-00 3072-20 3055-00 3072-00 300 3072-0	101-16004 00 Date Sampled: Douro-Dummer Township Sampled By: Bornholes Date Tested: Bornholes Date Tested: Barnholes 2.851 Barnholes 2.851 Barnholes 2.851 Barnholes 2.857 Barnholes 2.857 Barnholes 2.878 Barnholes 2.874 Barnholes 2.874 Barnholes 2.874	181-16004 OD Date Sampled February 16, 2 Douro-Dummer Tormship Sampled By: MSN Borsholes Date Tested February 27, 2 Borshole Date Tested February 27, 2 Borshole Date Tested February 27, 2 Borshole 1916,00 2,552 2,872 Date Tested 1912,00 2,864 2,871 Borshole 2,002,07 1908,84 2,557 2,876 Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date	Itel:14661.00 Date Sampled February 16, 2020 Douro Dummer Township Sampled By: MSN Boreholes Date Tested: February 27, 2020 Switzec.Dry Savel Agespase Mess Bulk Faister Bulk Sampled By: Switzec.Dry Savel Agespase Mess Bulk Faister Bulk Sampled By: Agespase Mess Switzec.Dry Savel Aver Sampled By: MSN Bartholes Date Tested: February 27, 2020 Switzec.Dry Savel Aver Sampled By: Mass In Air (B) Date Tested: February 27, 2020 3061.00 3038.60 1916.00 2.652 2.872 2707 3055.90 3003.40 1912.00 2.649 2.870 2.706 3048.10 3022.00 1908.610 2.659 2.876 2.707 3048.00 3026.70 1908.84 2.657 2.844 2.709 3048.00 3026.70 1908.80 2.674 2.687 2.711 3085.90 3090.00 1938.00 2.674 2.687 2.711	

Project Name:	D	ouro Dummer A	ggregate Inve	stigation		Client:		Dour	Dummer Towns	ship	
Project No:		161-	16604-00			Date Tested:		F	obruary 27, 2020		
Sampled By:			MSN			Material Type:		Cr	ushed Rock Core	,	
Date Sampled:		Februa	iry 18, 2020			Source:			Quarry		
Sample No.	Temp. (°C) T	Pycnometer No.	Pycnomeier Mass (g)	Mass of SSD Sand in Air (g) S	Mass of Sand Pycnometer/Water (g) C	Mass of Pycnomener to Cal Point (g) (@ T) B	Mass of Dry Sand in Air A	Relative Density (Oven Dry)	Relative Density (SSD)	Apparent Relative Density	Absorption (%)
BH20-01	22.30	z	167.19	500.18	972.60	665.38	487.9	2.529	2.592	2.700	2.51
BH20-01	22.50	0	166.02	500.16	971.76	663.97	487.7	2.535	2.600	2.711	2.56
Average								2.532	2.596	2.706	2.54
BH20-02	21.90	0	166.02	500.08	970.71	664.03	487.3	2.520	2.586	2.698	2.62
BH20-02	22.30	Z	167.19	500.03	971.91	665.44	487.4	2.518	2.583	2.694	2.59
Average								2.519	2.585	2.696	2.61
BH20-03	21.50	0	166.02	501.23	971.45	664.08	488.0	2.517	2.585	2.701	2.70
BH20-03	21.90	z	167.19	500.40	972.60	665.44	487.9	2.525	2.590	2.700	2.57
Average								2.521	2.587	2.701	2.64
	Reference	ce Sample Con	trol Mean					Contro	I Range	I	
Reference Sa A Reference Sa	ample Avera bsorption: imple Averag Density:	ge Percent ge Relative	2	1.92	$\left \right\rangle$			Abs Range 1.	srpilon 58 - 2.12%		
Operator:		NLO	Date:	27-Feb-20				Mean Relative D	ensibr (Oven Drv)		
Verified by:	Ale	inder (Date:	27-Feb-20	_			Range 2.	593 - 2.629		



• The dates on the project samples are dated February 2020, whereas the control samples (MM-8564) were dated December 2019. Control samples should be run simultaneously with the project samples.

w	Relative De	ensity and Absor	ption - Coarse Aggregate LS604
Project Name:	Douro-Dummer Aggregate Investigations	Material Type:	Sand and Gravel
Project No:	161-16604-00	Date Sampled:	February 18, 2020
Client:	Douro-Dummer Township	Sampled By:	MSN
Sample Location:	Boreholes	Date Tested:	February 27, 2020

	Relative Density and Absorption - Fi	ne Aggregat	e LS605/ASTM C128
Project Name:	Douro Dummer Aggregate Investigation	Client:	Douro Dummer Township
Project No:	161-16604-00	Date Tested:	February 27, 2020
Sampled By:	MSN	Material Type:	Crushea Rock Core
Date Sampled:	February 18, 2020	Source:	Quarry







- The control (or trial) results presented on the fourth page of Appendix I-2 (Relative Density and Absorption of Fine Aggregates LS-605) appear to be outside the acceptable range for both bulk relative density and absorption.
- The industry standard (Sunderland Pit) has certified acceptable range for relative density is 2.593 g/cc 2.629 g/cc
 - average control result was 2.634 g/cc, slightly above acceptable range
- Certified acceptable range for absorption is 1.58 % 2.12 %
 - average control result was 1.063 %, well below the acceptable minimum.



Flask Number					Conti
Bulk Relative Density	(C/(G-(F-E)))	2.635	2.633	2.634	2.60
Bulk Relative Density SSD	(G/(G-(F-E)))	2.663	2.661	2.662	
Apparent Relative Density	(C/(C-(F-E)))	2.711	2.709	2.710	
Absorption	(G-C)/C*100	1.061	1.066	1.063	1.7



Time Line & Processing



Time Line & Processing

- Early Stage Granular B Type II (esker)
 - Most of the material tested within the esker is useable as Granular B Type II in its current state, requiring very little to no screening, and no crushing or blending.
- Middle Stage Winter Sand (esker)
 - The material present in the esker could be used for winter sand, but would require screening which would take a great toll on the aggregate supply.
 - Consideration could be made for material near TP19-08 & TP19-09, where 72% and 68% of the sample could be used for winter sand, respectively.
 - Clarification is required regarding which samples were used from each pit for testing purposes.
 The sand may be in a lens not present throughout the entire vertical face at each test location.
 - Further delineation would be required.
- Middle-Late Stage Granular A (esker)
 - Crushing and screening required to generate Granular A from esker material
 - Could also be performed on cobble and boulder remaining from screened winter sand.
- Late Stage Granular A & B (bedrock Verulam Fm)
 - Potential for Granular A from Verulam Fm limestone, although further testing/delineation is required to assess the hardness (Micro-Deval Coarse)
 - Both 2016 Verulam Fm samples meet Granular B Type I & II requirements for physical properties. CA



Closing Remarks



Closing

- Overall, the approach and scope of work undertaken by WSP was satisfactory for the purpose of the investigation.
- In general, sample analysis methods and quantity of samples analyzed are considered sufficient for the purpose of the investigation.
- Points for consideration
 - If it hasn't already been discussed with the client, consideration should be taken as to whether additional testing should be completed on the Verulam Fm., which appears to have varied test results and may be underrepresented with only two samples.
 - It would be beneficial for the Client to have locations of test pits and boreholes from the original study incorporated into the mapping presented in the recent report
 - It would be beneficial for the Client if a table (or something similar) was provided in order to concisely indicate which samples are acceptable for use as aggregates for specific purposes, and where production techniques may be used to achieve the desired product.



Closing

- Overall, the approach and scope of work undertaken by WSP was satisfactory for the purpose of the investigation.
- In general, sample analysis methods and quantity of samples analyzed are considered sufficient for the purpose of the investigation.
- Some follow up should be undertaken to address
 - Grammatical, numerical and unit errors presented both in this presentation and our report
 - Conclusion discussion regarding the unconsolidated esker material
 - Information missing from Appendix E-2
 - Issues regarding the failure of control samples and absent control samples for some of the lab results in Appendix I-2



Questions?

Stuart Baird, M.Eng., P.Eng.

Director – Geotechnical & Construction Monitoring.

Brian Peterkin, P.Geo., M.Eng. Senior Project Manager, Cambium Inc.

